

Demonstration of growth capacity in Toronto (with Ratio City)

Technical Appendix

579 Richmond St W, Suite 302
Toronto, M5V 1Y6
647-687-4474
info@smartdensity.com



	Unit	Inner Circle			Outer Ring			Total All
		Non-Employment	Employment	Total	Non-Employment	Employment	Total	
Existing								
Total area of developable lots	m ²	145,371,394	50,836,760	196,208,154	63,554,191	13,814,842	77,369,033	273,577,187
Existing floor area	m ²	64,538,434	22,229,208	86,767,642	20,248,213	5,824,084	26,072,297	112,839,939
Existing coverage	m ²	38,183,705	13,996,559	52,180,264	16,423,686	4,234,326	20,658,012	72,838,276
# of parcels	#	225,935	5,835	231,770	115,739	2,123	117,862	119,985
Average parcel size	m ²	643	8,712		549	6,507		
Existing non-residential floor area	m ²	6,453,843	22,229,208	28,683,051	2,024,821	5,824,084	7,848,905	36,531,957
Existing residential floor area	m ²	58,084,591	-	58,084,591	18,223,392	-	18,223,392	76,307,983
Existing residential units	#	484,038	-	484,038	151,862	-	151,862	635,900.0
Coverage	%	26%	28%		26%	31%		
Floor Space Index	%	44%	44%		32%	42%		
Future								
Area of lots that would redevelop	m ²	101,759,975	35,585,732	137,345,708	44,487,934	9,670,389	54,158,323	191,504,031
Removed total floor area in these lots	m ²	45,176,904	15,560,445	60,737,349	14,173,749	4,076,859	18,250,608	78,987,957
Removed non-residential Gross Floor Area	m ²	4,517,690	15,560,445	20,078,136	1,417,375	4,076,859	5,494,234	25,572,370
Removed residential Gross Floor Area	m ²	40,659,214	-	40,659,214	12,756,374	-	12,756,374	53,415,588
Removed residential net floor area	m ²	38,626,253	-	38,626,253	12,118,556	-	12,118,556	50,744,808
Removed residential units	#	321,885	-	321,885	100,988	-	100,988	422,873
Removed housing for X people	#	702,296	-	702,296	220,337	-	220,337	922,633
New Gross Floor Area	m ²	549,503,868	192,162,955	741,666,822	115,668,628	25,143,012	140,811,639	882,478,462
New non-residential Gross Floor Area	m ²	82,425,580	67,257,034	149,682,614	17,350,294	8,800,054	26,150,348	175,832,963
New residential Gross Floor Area	m ²	467,078,287	124,905,921	591,984,208	98,318,334	16,342,958	114,661,291	706,645,499
New residential net floor area	m ²	397,016,544	106,170,032	503,186,577	83,570,584	13,891,514	97,462,098	600,648,674
New residential units	#	4,670,783	1,249,059	5,919,842	983,183	163,430	1,146,613	7,066,455
New housing for X people	#	7,218,483	1,930,364	9,148,847	1,519,465	252,573	1,772,038	10,920,885
Net new units	#	4,348,898	1,249,059	5,597,957	882,195	163,430	1,045,625	6,643,582
Net new housing for X people	#	6,896,598	1,930,364	8,826,962	1,418,477	252,573	1,671,050	10,498,012

Assumptions

Lot Selection

Distance from transit	Inner Circle	Outer Ring
Rapid Transit (GO, Subway, LRT)	400 m	800 m
Frequent Transit (Streetcar, 10-minute bus)	250 m	400 m

Land uses included

Non-Employment	Employment
· Mixed Use	· Employment Areas
· Neighbourhoods	
· Apartment Neighbourhoods	
· Regeneration Areas	

Minimum FSI of lots that can be redeveloped

Inner Circle	2
Outer Ring	1.25

- We do not consider potential future transit infrastructure that is not underway; the focus is on existing and in-development transit.
- We do not include the (considerable) potential for small-scale intensification in areas that are less transit-accessible (than the outer rings).

Existing Conditions

Percentage of residential floor area

Non-Employment Areas	10.0%
Employment Areas	0.0%

Efficiency and gross area

Efficiency in existing residential buildings (net/gross)	95% ⁽¹⁾
Average gross area of existing units	120.0 m ² ⁽²⁾

Redevelopment

Percentage of lots that will be redeveloped at higher density

Percentage of all selected lots	70.0% ⁽³⁾
---------------------------------	----------------------

Percentage of residential floor area

Non-Employment Areas	15.0%
Employment Areas	35.0% ⁽⁴⁾

Efficiency and gross area

Efficiency in new residential buildings (net/gross)	85% ⁽¹⁾
Average gross area of new units	85.0 m ² ⁽⁴⁾
Average new gross area/person	55.0 m ² ⁽⁵⁾

Future average FSI (based on modelling and existing development)

Inner Circle (high-rise)	5.4 ⁽⁶⁾
Outer Ring (mid-rise)	2.6 ⁽⁶⁾

Notes

1. The net area to gross area ratio is assumed to be lower in existing buildings since they are mostly low rise and mostly single-family houses.
2. Existing units are assumed to be larger on average since they are mainly comprised of single family homes and were built for larger households; newer units are assumed to be for both small and large households, but with a higher proportion of smaller households than in the past.
3. This ratio is based on assumptions about two factors: (A) lots that are not likely to be redeveloped, and (B) lots or parts of lots that should not have been included.
 - A. Lots are not likely to be redeveloped even in the long term for the following reasons:
 - Preserving cultural heritage.
 - Natural heritage or slope stability considerations that preclude development.
 - High value of existing buildings that makes replacement uneconomical.
 - Smaller scale intensification to a lower density may be more cost-effective on some lots (e.g. additions).
 - Small and irregularly shaped lots that are hard to build on at high-density.Most of these conditions do not completely preclude redevelopment, and portions of a site may be redeveloped. Note that even before applying the ratio, only sites with low enough existing FSI were included.
 - B. Lots and areas that should have been excluded, but were included because of the limitations of the available data):
 - A few large lots are only partially within close proximity to transit service; the further parts would not have been included if they were separate lots.
 - The TTC GIS data for bus lines does not separate all lines, and as a result, a few of the included lines do not have 10-minute frequency; these areas would have been excluded if access to more granular data was available.
3. In Employment Areas, we assume that after redevelopment, a high percentage of the floor area will be non-residential.
4. This floor area per person is higher than what is typical in most new development today; the population would be higher if we assumed a floor area that is typical today.
5. The target FSI values are based on modelling and the review of existing projects.